

The Kansas Chief.

SOL. MILLER, EDITOR.

WHITE CLOUD, KANSAS:
Thursday, May 2, 1867.

The Earthquake.

Last week, just as we got the forms of our paper on the press, an earthquake occurred, to the announcement of which fact we could manage to crowd in but three lines.

The phenomenon occurred about fifteen or twenty minutes before three o'clock, on Wednesday afternoon, and lasted probably half a minute altogether. There were two distinct shocks. The first was the lightest, and of the shortest duration, and merely seemed to shake the people to the fact that "something was up," and prepare them for the second and harder one, when the first had almost ceased; then there was tall scampering for the streets, in every direction. The shock was accompanied or preceded by a muffled, rumbling sound. In frame buildings, the effect was something like that produced by rolling a heavy cask over the floor; while in solid bricks, there was a jarring and jerking, like that of a steamboat running at good speed, with her keel constantly scraping and bumping on the sand, accompanied by fully as much rattling and creaking. We believe there was no damage done to buildings. A brick-kiln in the vicinity of our office, was pretty thoroughly wrecked.

The main force of the earthquake, as far as we can ascertain, was in this part of the country. We have heard of it as far north as Omaha, and some points in Iowa, as far west as Junction City, and as far south and east as Jefferson City. At the latter place, it was quite light, and was noticed by only a few persons. East of there we have no account of it. Persons who pretend to have felt it, are laughed at.

We have heard, from various persons, the appearance of things from their position during the shock. But the testimony of nearly every one who stood on solid ground at the time, is uniformly the same—that their first sensation was as if they had received a strong electric shock in the legs, commencing at the feet and extending to the knees, almost causing them to fall.

A workman who was on the walls of the new church, says the gable end swayed outward, leaving enough room for a man's body between the wall and a heavy rafter that had stood solid against it; and that after all was over, the wall and rafter stood as close and plumb as before. He thinks the wall must have moved, as the rafter was both firmly bolted and braced.

A person who was down street, in a position where he could barely catch a glimpse of the front of our office building, says that during the rocking, he at times had a plain view of the end of the house, and then again, the whole was entirely hidden from view.

Persons who were on the bluff, above town, say that on looking down, the surface of the earth seemed to have a wavy appearance, something like a field of wheat or tall grass, when the wind blows over it.

A gentleman who was at work on his farm, says that, in glancing over a knoll near by, he could just see the top of another knoll some distance beyond, on which there was plowed ground. During the shock, the plowed ground would alternately disappear entirely from sight, and come in full view.

A gentleman who was near the timber, says the stems of the trees bent or "whipped" back and forth rapidly, as if agitated by a violent wind which kept changing from one side to the other. There was little or no wind at the time.

Those who were near the river, say the water was considerably agitated, receding from and approaching the banks, like the water in a large vessel that has been violently shaken.

Persons in boats, or riding in wagons or on horseback, could not distinguish the motions of the earthquake from those of the vessel or animal upon which they were moving.

There had been a heavy frost in the morning, but the afternoon was pleasant and almost cloudless, with a hazy appearance of the atmosphere.

Earthquakes have been known from the earliest ages. The first one on record was that which swallowed up Korah and his rebellious host, in the days of Moses.

We might observe that our citizens do not desire another experience of this kind; but we will not, for it will make but little difference whether they desire it or not.

The Quincy Whig and Republican, one of the oldest, ablest and staunchest Republican papers in Illinois, has lately been enlarged, and arrayed in an entire new dress. It has a brightened part of backerdom for its field of labor, but it is steadily making inroads into the fastnesses of the enemy.

"Delay not to-day to-morrow what should be done to-day." Care that enough before it is forever too late. One bottle of Oen's Cough Balsam will cure. It is agreeable, cheap and effective. Delays are dangerous. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Served Them Right.

The Atchison Champion denounces Ben. Loan for having prevented the confirmation of Col. R. C. Bradshaw and Col. James M. Graham as Postmaster of St. Joseph, and permitting the confirmation of Judge Wyatt, a Conservative, to the same position. Without endorsing Wyatt, our sentiment is, that if Loan's influence succeeded in shoving the two redoubtable Colonels, it should be put down to his credit. The idea that if a man was a good soldier, it should stone for all future political treachery and meanness, is one that men of right principle will not countenance. If men fight gallantly to put down the rebellion, as Bradshaw and Graham did, and afterwards, out of mercenary or revengeful feelings, unite with the party whose chief aim is to restore the rebels to their "rights," and destroy the results of the war, they are not as deserving of honor and office as a consistent Copperhead. Give us an out-and-out Conservative, in preference to a shyster, unprincipled man who professes to be Union or Radical.

Bradshaw went into the army, a steady, hard-working, unpretending man. He fought gallantly, received wounds, and won promotion. The latter he could not bear; and upon returning home, he imagined the whole Radical cause rested upon his shoulders; that he "ran" the party in St. Joseph, and that without him it was nothing. There were those who would not recognize this assumption, and Bradshaw was not honored and elevated to the extent that he imagined himself entitled to. He became "sore," and the rebel party, finding a good subject to work upon, petted him, and told him how he had been abused. The result has been, that Bradshaw has, for over a year past, invariably made it a point to desert the Republicans at the critical point, and throw his influence with the rebel party; and Bradshaw never fails to figure as a candidate for office on the rebel ticket. The Radical party is kept distracted, and the rebels usually elect a good part of their ticket—all to gratify the vanity and spite of this one man. Ben. Loan did right in barring the pretensions of Bradshaw from a lucrative position to which he was appointed as a reward for his treachery.

Graham is another specimen, "tarred with the same stick." At the beginning of the war, he received an appointment in a Kansas regiment, as a Kansas man, and served through the war. That being over, he returned to Kansas, with the determination of living by office. What his former politics were, we do not know; but when the issue arose between loyalty and Andrew Johnson, and an effort was made to demoralize the Republican party in this State, Graham, with other prominent politicians and military officers, as Kansas men, signed a call for a Johnson organization. Soon after, the Post Office squabble in St. Joseph opened; and Graham, suddenly recollecting that he was a resident of Missouri, because his family had visited there during the war, put in a claim for the St. Joseph Post Office, and came near succeeding. "Slipping up" on this, he again became a Kansas, long enough to attend as a Johnson bumper at Topeka, last Winter, to work against the re-election of Senator Pomroy. The St. Joseph Post Office question just then opening up again, he recollected that he was a Missourian, as his family resided there, and again "went for it." Among other help, we have good reason to believe, he presented certificates from the editor of the Champion to the President, certifying that he had been a bona fide resident of Missouri, for lo! these many years. But they did not save him, and he "went up the spout" again.

Ben. Loan, and every other Radical Congressman who foils the attempts of such rascals and time servers to obtain the price of their treachery, deserves the thanks of all loyal and honest men.

CONTENTS OF THE LITTLE CORPORA FOR MAY.—Professor Owl's Lecture; Elsie McFar; Our Charley; The Bear's Den, Chapter V, by Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller; May Day, with Music by Geo. F. Root; Counsel to Boys, No. II, by Horace Greeley; Science for Children, No. VIII, by Dr. Worthington Hooker of Yale College; Little Girls, by Mrs. Bogges; The Bumble Bee's Nest; Private Quaker's Knapack; with Picture Stories, besides a large number of other original articles.

A new volume of The Little Corporal begins with the July No. All new subscribers sent during the month of May will receive the June No. free.

Price One Dollar a year; sample copies, telling all about the beautiful premiums, ten cents.—Address ALFRED L. SEWELL, Publisher, Chicago, Ill.

We have for several months neglected to notice the enlargement of that reliable paper, the Dayton (O.) Journal. It is among the ablest in the State, and hails from one of the best localities. We always welcome its appearance as that of an old friend, confident of hearing all the news from home.

DEFICIENT APPETITE.—Arises from a disordered stomach, and is best improved by plenty of exercise and mild purgatives of Roback's Sugar Coated Blood Pills. Roback's Stomach Bitters will also prove very beneficial.

ELECTION.—An election took place, last week, for Delegates to a Convention to frame a new Constitution for New York. The Republicans have carried the State by about 20,000 majority, on a small vote, and have elected two-thirds of the members. They would have elected three-fourths, had it not been for a clause in the law, providing for the election of thirty-two Delegates for the State at large, but prohibiting any one voter from voting for more than sixteen of the candidates, thus compelling a division of the Delegates between the two parties, half-and-half.

Michigan also recently elected Delegates to a Constitutional Convention, of which the Republicans elect a large majority.

At the Chicago municipal election, last week, the Republicans triumphed by over 4,000 majority.

Perhaps these successes will serve, in a slight degree, to offset the tremendous Copperhead victory in Connecticut.

Ira J. Lacock, of the Hiawatha Sentinel, called on us, last week. He was on a business tour, and we believe a majority of our business men gave him their advertisements. Therein they acted wisely. Brown is improving, this Spring, more rapidly than any other County in Northern Kansas; White Cloud is their natural business point; our merchants and lumber men are already receiving a heavy patronage from that region; and the Sentinel is urging upon the people the advantage of making this their main trading point, whereby they will assist in building up a commercial town which will afford them new inducements and advantages as it grows, and as its business men multiply.

DELAYED.—We have on hand one communication from Troy, and three from Watheua, on the County Seat question, which are unavoidably crowded out of this issue, by the Financial Statement, which we had under way when the communications were received, or we would have left it over, and given place to them. They will appear next week, which we presume will be time enough, as it is yet three weeks until the election. In our next two issues, we shall hold pretty much all our space at the disposal of the County Seat contestants. It seems to us, this very Financial Statement furnishes a good many valuable texts to use on this all-important question.

PRAIRIE NURSERY.—We would again speak a word in favor of E. Snyder's "Prairie Nursery," at Highland. He has spared no labor or expense in establishing a No. 1 Nursery; and those who have visited it, say he has an immense stock of the finest fruit and ornamental trees ever brought to Kansas. He is taking active measures to bring his Nursery to the knowledge of the public; and if a liberal system of advertising, the material to back up his promises, and energy and square dealing, will insure success, he is on the right track.

RIVER.—The river is rapidly falling. Fears are expressed that the main channel will be down the "along," west of Rush Island, as the banks have been cut away very much, and the strongest current appears to be through that cut-off. This would be a calamity to Forest City, as it would leave that place an inland town, two or three miles from the river, except in times of high water; and it would also be a great damage to land owners along the new channel.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—BOILS, PIMPLES, TUMORS, &c.—The pernicious noxious advertised as Cosmetics are corrosive, mineral and vegetable extracts which not only destroy the skin, but lay the basis of insurmountable facial disorders and even partial paralysis of the nerves. Without the baneful consequences, Holloway's Ointment will perform all the cures which the others boast, but fail to effect. Sold by all Druggists.

Three of our County officers, the Assessor, Surveyor and Probate Judge, are residents of Watheua, and present prospects seem to indicate that after the 21st of May, we will have them all.—Reporter.

Over one-third of the entire expense of the County for maintaining paupers comes from Washington Township. You should by all means have the Poor Farm, too.

The Mississippi case, whereby it was sought to obtain an injunction against the execution of the Military Reconstruction Bill in that State, has been kicked out of the Supreme Court, which has decided that Congress has exclusive jurisdiction in the matter of reconstruction. Thus ends the attempt of President Johnson and his rebel friends to nullify that law, and to keep open the troubles in the South.

COUNTY SEAT.—As far as we can learn, the vote of this Township will be pretty much one-sided in favor of Troy. Our people have the best of feeling for both Watheua and Doniphan, and can readily pardon them, under the circumstances, for claiming advantages and virtues which are possessed in a greater degree by towns in our own Township; but they look in the face a fact that cannot be disguised—that their individual expenses in going to the County Seat, as well as the public taxes, will be almost doubled by removing the County Seat from Troy to either of its competitors. The figures tell too plain a story, and the people will govern their votes by them.

BAILEY & NOTES.—The Spring announcement of this house will be found in another column. They keep their immense stock constantly replenished, as every boat arrival brings them fresh supplies. They are by far the heaviest dealers in Northern Kansas, and their daily throng of customers is proof that the public know where bargains may be had.

The Reporter claims for Watheua a population of 1500. Is that intended to prepare the public mind for a fabulous vote? Divide that number by 8, and you will get nearer to the truth. But why not claim 5,000, at once? You will doubtless be able to cast a vote in proportion, if reports of the "marshalling of your forces" be correct.

BUSINESS.—We went the round of the saw-mills, the other day, and found them all as busy as they could whirl. The Lower Mill sustained its reputation. Although averaging over 8,000 feet of lumber per day, customers were waiting. That mill seems to be popular.

A negro was in the Calaboose, last week, on a charge of selling whiskey to an Indian. We believe he got off clear. If some of the white men who are in the habit of selling whiskey to Indians were occasionally Calaboused, it might have a good effect.

THE CAUSE.—We have ascertained the cause of the recent earthquake. The "Confederate dead" had just learned the result of the Connecticut election, and their shouts raised the roof of their present habitation.

Correspondence.

(For the Chief.)

BUREAU, April 29, 1867.
EDITOR CHIEF.—The citizens of Burr Oak Bottom have been visited by an overflow of "Big Muddy," doing considerable damage. Several families moved out to the bluffs; but as the river is falling, they will resume labor on their farms.

The County Seat question is being discussed among the farmers of this Township. A large portion of the voters of this Township are in favor of the County Seat remaining at Troy, for the reason that they claim that it will benefit the greatest number of people of the County by remaining near the center. The citizens of the upper bottom find a ready market for their surplus fire-wood at Troy, upon clearing their heavy timber land, which otherwise would be destroyed on the land—an item which they appreciate, and which they do not desire to see discontinued. By the way, this item of wood has been talked of by Watheua, as costing the County an enormous sum, which has been grossly misrepresented. Mr. J. C. Williams, of Burr Oak, has been furnishing the County with wood, under contract, and he will enter into contract and band to furnish the County with wood at \$200 per year, which is less than it can be furnished for at Watheua. The mill at Troy, and the amount used by the citizens for household purposes, creates a market for wood, at reasonable rates. The County Seat question is looked upon by the citizens of Burr Oak, as one of interest both to themselves and the whole County. They are a liberal, sensible, industrious people, and are willing to consult and desire the welfare and convenience of the people of the other portions of the County, as well as their own. Many of them are heavy tax-payers, and desire to see the contest settled on the first ballot, as a matter of economy. That part of the Township adjacent to Washington Township is somewhat divided, but I think a handsome vote will be polled for Troy.

SCIPPIO.

(For the Chief.)

WATHEUA, April 29, 1867.
EDITOR CHIEF.—The question of removing the County Seat is becoming one of much interest to the voters of this Township—particularly to a part of us, who have simmered the matter to a point, and find it useless for Doniphan, or even our own town, Watheua, to try to come in on the second ballot, in order to make more expense on the County by another election. I find quite a number who are working and going for Troy, in order to settle the question at once, and not cost the County two or three thousand dollars more.

God be with them, as our County is in debt, and taxes are high enough now.

SAM.

Married.

On Tuesday morning, April 30th, by O. C. Whitney, Esq., Mr. JAMES B. HALL to Miss ELIZA CLARK.

Speaking of Nellie Dean, the heiress who married her father's coachman, a Richmond paper recently says: "If she married a broker, he might be keeping accounts to day in Sing-Sing. If she married a general, the world might be ringing with the name of her husband, alternatively attached to the word 'best.' If she married a lawyer, his conscience might be burdened with the innocent blood of a judicially murdered woman. If she married a President, her husband might be in Hades, and her own reputation discredited with up with abstracted lines, and claims unaccounted for. An honest coachman is a better husband than a dishonest anybody."

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF DONIPHAN COUNTY.

STATE OF KANSAS, } SS.
DONIPHAN COUNTY, }

CHARLES RAPPLEYE, County Clerk, in and for said County, do hereby certify the following to be a correct statement of the allowances of the Board of County Commissioners, since the date of the last report; the amount of outstanding County Warrants and Bonds, exclusive of interest; the amount owing by the County on judgments, exclusive of interest; the amount of warrants cancelled since the date of the last report; and the total debt of said County at this date, exclusive of interest:

Total of all accounts allowed since the date of last report, \$11,655 70
Total amount of outstanding warrants at this date, exclusive of interest, 10,439 47
Accounts allowed on which warrants will not issue till new tax is levied, 5,775 60
Amount owing on judgments, 946 60
Amount of outstanding Bonds, exclusive of interest, 14,700 00
Total debt of the County at this date, exclusive of interest, \$33,866 67

Allowances, and for What Service.

JANUARY 7, 1867.

H P Saxton, tax paid on erroneous assessment, year 1866, \$3 40
Dr Stewart, for medicine and attendance upon Geo W Poor, pauper of Washington Township, 2 00
Joseph L Tracy, for coffin for Oney Wayne, pauper of Washington Tp., 6 00
Craig & Brother, for provisions and clothing for paupers of Washington Township, per order of Township Trustee, 120 75
Richard Maples, for keeping pauper, Geo W Poor, Washington Township, Anna Brandt, for provisions furnished Mrs Merrick, pauper, Washington Township, 60 00
Aug Miller, for medicine for Geo W Poor, Washington Tp. pauper, 41 40
Peter Miller, for coffin for Geo W Poor, Washington Township pauper, 7 00
L C Booth, for wood furnished Mrs Merrick, Washington Tp. pauper, 27 50
A Greenbaum, provisions and clothing for Barney Rhodes and Geo W Poor, Washington Tp. pauper, 24 10
Joseph Silvers, for keeping Elizabeth Shortness, pauper of Burr Oak Tp., John J Anderson, for taking care of Geo Stillwell from Nov. 10, 1866, to Jan. 6, 1867, pauper of Marion Township, 60 00
Fees in case of State vs Wm Roberts and Nancy Slemmer: E F Dixon, J P, 6 65
F S Soper, Constable, 14 35
Wm J Reed, witness, 3 50
Ross Merrick, do 3 50
Jas Trent, do 1 75
H Jackson, do 1 50
Thos H Baker, do 1 50
Thos Hooker, do 1 30
Charles Fry, do 1 00
A Vinyard, for keeping A Abbott, pauper of Marion Township, 50 00
Fleming & Beck, as allowed, for keeping Elizabeth Shortness, pauper of Burr Oak Township, 6 00
Henry Boder for stationery, blankets, and rent for Grand Jury room, 22 90
E G Crab, money expended in arresting and conveying to jail Henry W & V C Poor, and S L Jennings, Maynard & Burk, for stationery, oil, candles, and goods furnished Mrs Merrick, pauper of Centre Tp., John T Montague, for taking Brock and Gist to penitentiary, 20 00
E S Davis, bailiff fee, Sept. term District Court, 8 00
Charles Bernick, for boarding Thos West, and furnishing medicine, pauper of Centre Township, 10 25
EMELINE ROBINSON is allowed, for boarding Thos West, pauper of Centre Township, 27 00
G H Pike, for boarding Thos West, pauper of Centre Township, 45 00
Cyrus Leland, Jr, for goods furnished paupers of Centre Township, 13 55
Dr W H Brown, for medicine and attendance upon Thos West, pauper of Centre Township, 12 00
Charles Higby, for posting election notices, boarding prisoners, boarding Wm Paup, pauper of Centre Township, and keeping jail from July 10 to Dec 13, 1866, 355 60
Reuben Small, for keeping August Russ, pauper of Wolf River Township, one-fourth of a year, 100 00
J J Leake, one-third of his yearly salary as County Attorney, appearing official bonds, and attending preliminary examinations, 327 00
C W Stewart, going for Iowa Point lock-book, Nov. 1866, 2 00
A Brentano, for stationery, 15 15
Sol Miller, publishing Treasurer's and election notices, 20 00
A Saxey, J P, attending drawing jury for Dec term Dist Court, 1866, 2 00
F S Soper, J P, attending drawing jury for Dec term Dist Court, 1866, 2 00
Stephen Brownell, for blank Foreign Examination Docket for the office of District Court, 50 00
Dr Thomas C Shreve, medicine and attendance upon David Stone, pauper of Iowa Township, 14 00
Wm Rousey, do 12 00
Frank Berry, do 12 00
Fees County Com. Jan. term 1867: J P Johnson, 4 days, 75 60
Geo W Barr, 4 do 94 80
H Robertson, 4 do 19 05
Cyrus Leland, for goods furnished paupers Centre township per order P S Soper trustee, 25 50
George Toftes, for boarding J A Pickett in Atchison Co. Jail, 18 00
Maynard & Burk, for candles and Stationery for Sheriff's Office, 6 00
C W Wheeler, placing 10 per cent on tax book, 12 00
Fees in case of State vs Fred Brand: A Saxey, J P, 6 00
Joseph Hayton, Sheriff, 5 30
J M Miller, witness, 15 00
J H White, do 6 00
J W Higgins, do 5 20
Joseph Gabriel do 5 20
Jas Abbott do 30 75
Gist do 8 00
F M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 6 05
E G Crab, Sheriff, 8 00
Wm H Brown, do 8 00
Thos Ogden, do 8 00
T F Smith, do 8 00
Francis Field, do 8 00
J T Montague, do 8 00
Isaac S Jackson, do 10 40
C Penn, do 8 00
Isaac N McAdams, do 5 20
John W Jackson, do 4 80
Geo W Woods, do 4 80
Fees in case of State vs Alexander Moudore, alias Joseph George: P M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 26 30
F M Stargess, Sheriff, 7 50
Wm Rousey, Constable, 1 85
Timothy Brown, Landst., 3 00
David Baker, do 3 00
Samuel Seaman, do 3 00
Fees in case of State vs David Easley: P M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 14 45
E G Crab, Sheriff, 12 00
Fees in case of State vs Brock and Gist: P M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 31 30
E G Crab, Sheriff, 8 50
Fees in case of State vs Bancroft: P M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 14 60
E G Crab, Sheriff, 3 50
J S Brumbaugh, witness, 4 00
J A Wood, do 4 00
P M Stargess, Dist Clerk fee in case of State vs McSparran, 12 10
Fees in case of State vs James H. Baker: P M Stargess, Dist Clerk, 26 30
E G Crab, Sheriff, 12 50
Jas E Hall, do 2 00

James Hamilton, witness, 6 00
Euse Solan, do 6 00
Wm Bundy, do 6 00
Dr Lewis, do 6 00
Joseph Williams, do 6 00
Zebulon Child, do 6 00
J E Watson, do 6 00
Fees for fees at Dec term District Court, 1866: Henry Abrams, 7 20
C O O'Brien, 16 00
John O McManus, 11 20
James Gray, 9 00
John T Montague, 8 00
William Warner, 10 00
John Ome, 14 00
Jas S Wells, 14 00
John Moorehead, 2 00
W O Hille, 2 00
B H Brock, 10 00
C G J Beiler, 9 00
Jas McCallard, 2 00
H F Macy, 2 00
W W Moore, 2 00
T C Shreve, 2 00
S H Hardy, 2 00
Samuel Anderson, 2 00
John Holden, 2 00
Elisha Spencer, 2 00
Thomas Hackney, 2 00
Wm Monroe, 2 00
Marion Neelash, 2 00
Frank Berry, 2 00
I V Clary, 2 00
G H Wicker, 2 00
D McIntosh, 2 00
Daniel Burk, 2 00
F F Kotch, 2 00
Cascor Leaman, 2 00
Jarrett Trumble, 2 00
Frank Brown, 2 00
C G Wheeler, 2 00
B G Sherrman, 2 00
J A Wood, 2 00
Witness fees in case of State vs Alexander Moudore: Joseph W Wilson, 8 00
S D Seaman, 8 00
Constant Porrier, 8 00
JANUARY 9, 1867.

The surveyor and viewers of the Amazonia and Troy road are allowed fees, as follows: Henry Wilson, surveyor, 30 00
B H Brock, viewer, 10 00
J B Weythman, do 10 00
Jacob Sater, do 6 00
J P Paul, chairman, 6 00
James Roberts, do 6 00
R A Calvin, flagman, 6 00
E Shewman, marker, 6 00
Sater, team to haul rock, 6 00
T Tallman, guard of Brock and Gist to penitentiary, 175 17
J C Williams, for wood, 6 00
Chas Rappleye, service as County Clerk, up to Jan 7, 1867, 105 65
F S Soper, Sheriff's posse in going after J A Pickett, 4 00
D S Sergeant, bringing up stairs from jail, 2 00
Watheua for Court House, 2 00
Fees in case of State vs W H and V C Poor: A Saxey, J P, 6 50
E G Crab, Sheriff, 68 55
Viewers on proposed change in Iowa Point and Highland road: B H Van Court, 2 00
Daniel Detrick, 2 00
George Jessee, 2 00
Viewers of a proposed change in Troy and Highland road: Wm Hunter, 2 00
T J Wilkinson, 2 00
C Fox, 2 00

JANUARY 10, 1867.
Robert Tracy, for printing blank tax receipts, County warrants, certificates of redemption, publishing financial statement and notice of election, 179 25
Armstrong Selectman, for boarding an unknown pauper left in Centre Tp. two weeks, 7 00
F S Soper, Justice's fee in case of State vs Aaron McSparran, 2 75
Fees in case of State vs Jackson & Strange: P S Soper, J P, 65 25
E G Crab, Sheriff, 4 50
F S Soper Justice fee in case of State vs Granville Mann, 3 50
Services in arresting John Anderson, pauper of Centre Township, 19 00
W B Onig, 12 00
J W Cook, 12 00
Joseph Hayton, money expended in procuring arrest of John Anderson, Sheriff attending County Court, 8 00
Joseph Hayton cash expended for board of John Anderson, 37 90
Joseph Hayton cash expended in case of State vs Perry McSparran, 37 90
John P Johnson, expenses of going to Topeka to meet State Board Equalization, 100 00
H P Robinson, Service as Supt. of Public Instruction, 144 00
J F Paul, do 24 00
H Wilson, Surveyor, 16 00
David Pittman, Chairman, 1 50
Geo W Shepherd, do 1 50
Fees in case of State vs Morris Penny: P M Stargess, ex Dist. Clerk, 74 75
E G Crab, Sheriff, 3 60
Frank Brown, Dist. Clerk fees at March 1867 term Dist. Court, 10 70
K H Sturt, service as County Atty., March term District Court, 1867, 200 00
H C Hawkins, for assisting in prosecuting Samuel Jennings, 50 00
E J Jenkins, for assisting in prosecuting Hugh J Randolph, 80 00
Fees in case of State vs Evans & Mann: A Saxey, J P, 4 50
E G Crab, Sheriff, 13 10
Fees in case of State vs Easley, Bix, Hardin and Shackelford: P M Stargess, ex Dist. Clerk, 9 80
Frank Brown, Dist. Clerk, 75 75
E G Crab, Sheriff, 9 10
Fees in case of State vs McSparran: P M Stargess, ex Dist. Clerk, 36 70
Frank Brown, Dist. Clerk, 1 25
A Saxon, Jr., witness, 4 00
Frank Berry, do 4 00
Fees in case of State vs Stanley & Campbell: P M Stargess, ex Dist. Clerk, 35 00
Frank Brown, Dist. Clerk, 16 55
Rout P Shinsky, J P, 8 85
J G Bechtold, Constable, 5 10
J W McCall, witness, 1 70
J W McCall, do 1 30
J W McCall, Jr., do 1 30
Pettis jurors fees at March term Dist. Court, 1867: G B Groomer, 12 60
W H Fortes, 15 40
Melchior Brown, 13 30
J M Cook, 8 00
Charles Maynard, 12 40
J F Curtis, 14 00
Wm M Rens, 14 00
Henry Wheeler, 10 00
Wm Monroe, 10 30
H G Pike, 10 00
J W Higgins, 5 30
Thomas Miles, 2 36
G W Sharp, 10 00
Ansel Joiner, 10 00
J M Trant, 8 60
Thomas Ogden, 4 60
Frank Berry, 10 00
A Saxey, J P, fees in case of State vs Poor & Poor: A Saxey, J P, 3 00
F S Soper Constable, 3 00
Fees in case of State vs Poor & Poor: P M Stargess, Dist. Clerk, 2 10
G O Wheeler, 3 10
A Saxey, J P, 2 10
J M Hamilton, witness, 2 10
Jas Wilson, do 2 10
Oon Spitt, do 2 10
H Pratt, do 2 10
Marion Reynolds, do 2 10
J H White, do 2 10
Vanderberg, do 2 10
J S McGill, 2 10
Fees in case of State vs Smith & Wife: A Saxey, J P, 9 00
J M Stagle, 9 00
Charles Maynard, Junior, 110 00
Daniel Snyder, do 110 00
Wm Monroe, do 110 00
Morgan Lee, do 110 00
John Ogden, do 110 00
Jas E Hall, do 110 00

John Zimmerman, witness, 1 50
Frank Kotch, do 50
Jas Kent, do 50
L Carb, do 50
J B Burton, do 50
APRIL 1, 1867.
Craig & Brother, for clothing and provisions furnished pauper of Washington Township per order D B Jones, Trustee, \$139 90
Craig & Brother, for clothing and provisions furnished pauper of Burr Oak Township per order of G Harrung, Trustee, 58 85
William Watson, for wood furnished J M Meek and L Shortness, paupers of Burr Oak Township, per order O Harrung, Trustee, 9 50
Joseph Silvers, keeping E Shortness 3 months, pauper Burr Oak Township, 30 00
Anna Brandt, for provisions and clothing, for Mrs Merrick pauper of Washington Township, 48 00
B H Brock, goods for E Shortness, pauper, Burr Oak Township, 6 50
Dr J T Lewis, medicine and attendance James Mac, pauper Burr Oak Tp., 80 00
Daniel Jacks, for keeping his insane brother six months, 150 00
John Anderson, for keeping Geo Stillwell 3 months, pauper Centre Tp., 75 00
J M Robinson, for keeping Thomas West, pauper of Centre Tp., 32 25

APRIL 2.
Samuel Stilwell, to receive for building a bridge in Marion Township when the same is accepted by the Township Trustee of said Township, 475 00
Drawing jury for March term Dist. Court 1867: A Saxey, J P, 2 00
F S Soper, J P, 2 00
J C Power, for Money paid to procure addenda to insurance policy of the Church for time of court, 13 00
Frederick S Moller for wood furnished Lewis Stone, pauper Centre Tp., 8 00
Gary Hickman, service as Supt. of Public Instruction, 63 00
John Lible, for keeping August Russ pauper Wolf River Tp., 3 months, 100 00
H C Hawkins for drawing answer in case of Joel Ryan vs County Com. and expenses paid in connection therewith, 35 00
Terry & Camp, for flour and meal furnished pauper of Centre Tp. per order P S Soper, Trustee, 16 30
Robert Tracy, for publishing Treasurer's notice to redeem lots and lands sold for taxes of 1863-3 and 4, 370 75
Robert Tracy, for printing various blanks for offices, 43 50
A Brentano, for stationery, 50 60
Joseph Hayton, for cash paid for wood, candles, and guard of prisoner to jail, 23 49
C W Harris, for wood, 32 80
Granville Hoback, for board and coffee for Jacob Robinson, pauper of Iowa Township, 36 00
Joseph Hayton, money expended in procuring Bernard Brenner per Requisition of Governor James Taylor, for repairing chairs and preparing chair and jail 20 days, 8 25
Joseph Hayton, traveling fees in procuring Brenner, and summoning jurors for March term Dist. Court, 62 90
Davis & Wicker, rent of store room for Sheriff's office and jail 20 days, 8 00
Geo H Wicker Guarding prisoners 10 days, 20 50
Moses Colliport guarding jail 75 days and service as Sheriff at March term Dist. Court 1867, 168 00
Joseph F Hampson, Service as guard of prisoners to Atchison jail, and bailiff at March term Dist. Court 1867, 16 00
C W Stewart, bailiff at March term Dist. Court 1867, 12 00
Charles Higby, for boarding prisoners, term to take prisoners to Atchison jail, and for service as jailer 64 days, 174 25
Joseph F Hampson for guarding prisoners 64 days, 130 00
P S Soper, for hauling saw dust for court room, 4 00
John Rhee, for hauling wood to different offices, 2 00
E W Davis for hauling wood to different offices, 1 80
Joseph F Montague, for hauling wood and Sundries for court and jury room, 2 00
Robert Nesbit, guard in conveying prisoners to Atchison jail, 4 00
T P Smith, for keeping 2 men and 2 horses 1 day, 5 00
Edward Milton, bringing prisoner from Elwood to Troy, 6 00
Wolworth & Calt, stationery for office Co. Clerk, 8 00

Fees in viewing and surveying change in Troy and Charleston Road: A Perry, Com., 1 50
J F Clary, do 1 50
J F Paul, do 1 50
H Wilson, Surveyor, 2 00
David Pittman, Chairman, 1 50
Geo W Shepherd, do 1 50
Fees in case of State vs Morris Penny: